Current blueberry developments and how they can translate towards a UK cherry model


The James Hutton Institute

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## Background

- UK market value $£ 237$ Million
- Market penetration 42\%
- Approx. 11 million households bought blueberries
- UK sold 25,641 Tonnes in 2015


## Developing a successful Blueberry Industry

- Need knowledge of existing cultivars -crop characteristics and fruit quality and how to grow well across UK
- Consumer requirements fresh and processed met
- Competitive advantage over imported fruit
- Research base including genetics and mapping to sustain and support industry
- Encouragement to invest in a long term crop and overcome future challenges



## Current research Aims

■ Identify varieties best adapted to UK climate utilising and where possible extending the fresh market season.

- Identify biotic and abiotic stress responses in plants

■ Develop robust marker assisted breeding and selection tools that will enable breeders to accelerate new high quality variety development.

## Phenotypic Analysis



## Sensory analysis

- Sensory characters (before and after processing) sweetness, sourness and flavour intensity, texture
- Fruit composition (both fresh and processed) - sugar and organic acids, flavour volatiles, antioxidant capacity, total phenolics, anthocyanins and vitamin C
- Juice yield for processing



## Consumer and sensory analysis: what are the expectations from blueberry?



## HORTLink Research

- Developing tools for a sustainable UK blueberry industry
- Constructed first tetraploid linkage map in blueberry


Draper


105 mapping individuals
Early to mid season
High chilling
Cold hardy Firm fruit
Sweet taste

Jewel


Early to mid season
Low chilling Cold sensitive Very large fruit Slightly tart

## Developing genetic resources

- Further develop genetic resources in blueberries using Genotyping by Sequencing to estimate allele dosage


Innovate 131889

## Blueberry Breeding @ James Hutton

- Underpinning research facilitating marker assisted breeding


## Quality Traits

Fruit size
Picking scar
Colour
Firmness
Bloom
Phytochemical composition

## Agronomic Traits

Yield
Season
Machine Harvest
Winter Hardiness
Pest \& Disease resistance Habit


## Breeding priorities

- Underpinning research facilitating marker assisted breeding


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Agronomic Traits
Yield
Season
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Pest \& Disease resistance
Habit

- Interspecific crosses
$>$ Gene Pyramiding for selected traits
$>$ Network analysis - gene expression/metabolomic atlas


## Current research- Improving blueberry Yield

- Understand the mechanisms controlling yield instability



## Current research- Imaging sensor solutions

- Utilise imaging technologies to understand plant stresses



## Developing area - Blueberry mycorrhizae

- Lowbush blueberries depend upon symbiotic fungi for establishment, nutrition and resistance to soil pathogens
- Increase exploitation of soil nutrient sources
- Increase drought resistance
- Currently no known data on mycorrhizae status of commercial blueberries at any stage of production in the UK


Jesse Sadowsky, MSU

## How can this translate towards a Cherry model?

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- Pressure to diversify from challenges in growing soft fruit crops eg. reduction in actives, resistant high quality varieties, raspberry root rot
- Potential for soft fruit growers to utilise innovation and expertise: state-of-the-art polythene tunnels, irrigation regimes and frost protection regimes
- Develop cherry as a high value crop for the Scottish industry.


## Background

- >95\% cherries imported mainly Spain, Turkey and US
- 2014 record year for cherry sales
- Range of different UK varieties including: Merchant, Sunburst, Stella, Skeena, Regina, Sweetheart, Penny



## Blueberry model: steps for cherry

- Identification cherry germplasm for Scotland.
- Identify barriers to profitability.
- Identify technology to overcome barriers
- Utilize advantages from the Scottish season.
- Assess potential for a wide production season
- Financial model
- Foundation for the establishment of a viable and sustainable cherry industry, with clear indications of future targets for innovative research and development.


## Thank you



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